**Nemathorin 10G**

Fine granule containing 10% w/w fosthiazate.

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

NEMATHORIN 10G

To avoid risks to human health and the environment comply with the instructions for use.

Fine granule containing 10% w/w fosthiazate.

**CONDITIONS FOR USE**

FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL NEMATICIDE / INSECTICIDE

A contact nematicide/insecticide for the control of the potato cyst nematode (Globodera rostochiensis and Globodera pallida) and a reduction of potato tuber damage caused by wireworm and reduction of sprouting transmitted by free-living nematodes.

**SYMPTOMS OF POISONING**

The active ingredient fosthiazate inhibits cholinesterase, resulting in stimulation of the nervous system, the parasympathetic nervous system and the somatic motor nerves. The symptoms may include excessive sweating, increased heart rate, nervousness, faintness and dizziness, nausea, stomach pain, vomiting, excess saliva, blurred vision, muscle twitching, pupil dilation. Atropine-like symptoms are aimed at achieving cholinesterase inhibition and elimination of exposure.

**FIRST AID TREATMENT**

If any of the above symptoms occur, particularly where unusual convulsions.

**STOP**

- Do not contaminate clothing, Wash exposed skin and clothes. Prevent all exposure. Call a doctor/Pharmacy and show them a label.

Following an oral exposure, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting. The symptoms are of cholinesterase inhibition. Consider taking vedolan and determination of blood cholinesterase activity (heparin tube).

Following a dermal exposure, the skin should be washed with copious amounts of tap water and soap. Contaminated clothing and footwear should be removed. Consult a doctor/medical service.

Following inhalation exposure, leave the contaminated area immediately and move to fresh air. Consult a doctor/medical service.

Following cutaneous exposure, remove any contact lens at once. Eyes should be immediately washed with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Irrigation should not be delayed for the purpose of obtaining sterile or special irrigating solutions. Use 2% atropine and 2-PAM. Consult an ophthalmologist.